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<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9517-4051>**Hamitkhan Nazgul**Financial Academy JSC
E-mail: nazen67@mail.ru**INTERBANK COMPETITION IN CONDITIONS
OF IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF BANKING
SERVICES IN KAZAKHSTAN**

Abstract. The article is devoted to the study of features of interbank competition and its role in the development of banking services. A critical analysis of the problems of the banking system was carried out, methods of strengthening the competitive advantages of commercial banks were proposed. Interbank competition, as a combination of economic relations between commercial banks and financial institutions, regulated by state bodies and market mechanisms, was created with the aim of creating favorable conditions for the development of the banking system, increasing the profit and quality of services provided in the Republic of Kazakhstan as a whole. An important aspect of improving competition between commercial banks is the creation of an effective market mechanism for the development of the banking sector of the economy of Kazakhstan. Competitive struggle is a complex process, and directly depends on the effectiveness of their activities and significantly affects the stability of the national economy.

Keywords: commercial banks, competition, competitiveness, banking products, development, financial market.

INTRODUCTION

As you know, the banking sector of our country is an important part of the financial system and has a significant impact on the overall economic condition of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

The modern banking system is one of the most important and inalienable structures of the market economy, which is on the verge of qualitative changes, the natural consequence of which is the growing competition in the banking services market. Creating conditions for the development of competition in the banking services market is one of the key factors for effective implementation of the constitutional principle of the unity of the economic space and the free movement of financial services. In this regard, there is an objective need to address the formation and regulation of the competitive environment in the banking services market, ensuring an efficient allocation of resources, maximum satisfaction of the needs of society and the individual, both at the federal and regional levels.

To date, the conditions for the development of the banking system determine the trend towards an increase in the level of universalization of commercial banks. Diversification of the activities of banks in various areas of financial and banking services, including through the development of banking services to the population, the introduction of new services is one of the ways to solve the problem of adapting commercial banks to the constantly changing conditions of the financial market, developing promising market niches and segments.

MAIN PART

In modern economic theory and practice, awareness, analysis and formation of interbank competition and the competitiveness of banks are in the stage of scientific research. The problem of interbank competition is given great attention by classics of economic theory, such as: J. Robinson, A. Smith F. Hayek, E. Chamberlain, F. Edgeworth and others. Theoretical and practical aspects of competition and competitiveness were considered in their works by G. Azoev and A. Chelenkov, F. Kotler, M. Porter, J. Rubin, A. Thompson, Jr. and A.J. Strickland, R. Fatkhutdinov, A. Yudanov. The problems of analyzing interbank competition and increasing the competitiveness of commercial banks are considered in the works of domestic scientists: A. Kazimagomedov, Yu. Korobov, E. Minko, M. Krichevsky, O. Lavrushin, Yu. Maslenchenkov, E. Utkin. However, with a sufficiently large number of scientific papers on interbank competition, practical aspects of assessing and improving the competitiveness of banks in the conditions of the modernization of the financial system.

Currently, there are many methods for assessing the competitiveness of commercial banks. The problem is that most methods are based on closed and hard-to-access information. At the same time, not all methods fully disclose the essence of competitiveness, not taking into account the criteria for its formation [8].

For example, when assessing financial results, quantitative indicators are taken into account, not focusing on the level of quality of services provided.

The main goal of each bank is to constantly increase the client base, by expanding the sale of banking services and as a result - to obtain a much larger profit. Particular attention is currently paid to the development of banking services through various means of telecommunications, providing clients with various advisory services for asset management, insurance, inheritance of rights, and others, while bank customers impose an increased demand for quality of services.

In the banking system, the creation of new banks has completely ceased, and there has been a tendency to reduce the number of operating credit institutions. The main form of development of the regional financial infrastructure is the opening of large branches.

Banking competition is a dynamic process of competition between commercial banks and other lending institutions, within which they seek to secure a firm position in the banking services market. It is the presence of competition that causes the expansion of the range of services provided, the regulation of prices for them to an acceptable level. In addition, competition encourages banks to move to more efficient ways of providing services, i.e. provides an environment conducive to their development and improvement. It is no accident that in all countries with developed market economies there is legislation on the development and maintenance of competition (Sherman Act, Clayton Act in the United States).

Interbank competition is a dynamic process by which banks try to secure a stable position in the banking services market, guaranteeing a favorable environment for their improvement. It is the presence of competition that causes the expansion of the range of services provided, the regulation of prices for them to an acceptable level, as well as stimulates the transition to more efficient ways of providing banking services [2]

In the context of geopolitical tensions, the growth of inflation risks, the outflow of capital from emerging markets, the positive dynamics of the banking sector plays an important stabilizing role in the development of the country's economy [1].

Which banks are the most attractive and on what factors does the competitiveness of a commercial bank depend? The main indicator of public confidence in banks is, of course, deposits from individuals.

The top five Kazakhstani banks of the second level in terms of key indicators are as follows *:

1. HALYK BANK (Rating BB). As of 01.03.2018, as regards assets, it shows a decrease of 7.44%, the loan portfolio decreased by 0.67%. Own capital grew by 3.30%.

2. KASPI BANK (Rating BB-). Assets decreased by 2.45% according to the National Bank as of 01.03.2018. The volume of loan portfolio increased by 1.74%, equity capital increase by 2.69%.

3. TENGRI BANK (Rating B +). The growth of assets by 1.77%. The volume of the loan portfolio increased by 5.64%, which is the best indicator in the top five. The decrease in equity capital as of 01.03.2018 by 6.37%.

4. KAZKOM (Rating B +). The decrease in assets according to the National Bank as of 01.03.2018 is 6.08%. The indicator of the loan portfolio decreased by 11.75%, a similar situation with own capital - a decrease of 11.09%.

5. CESNABANK (Rating B +). Assets as of 01.03.2018 according to the National Bank decreased by 3.96%, the loan portfolio decreased by 0.93%. Decrease in equity by 12.62%.

Credit ratings are relatively relative, since for each state it is necessary to take into account the local specificity of the banking business and any industry. Low credit ratings indicate a high probability of default.

To enhance the competitive advantages of commercial banks in the retail market, it is possible to offer to expand the presence in the banking market, create all kinds of branches, expand the services provided, for example, factoring, trust operations, money management services, discount brokerage services, investment banking services (underwriting).

In general, we can conclude that the potential of the banking sector has not yet been exhausted, the need to improve and expand banking operations leads to the improvement of interbank competition, thereby predetermining the successful functioning of the domestic economy and the state as a whole.

In the course of work, a number of conditions affecting competitiveness in the banking sector were identified.

As a result of February 2018, 20 of 32 banks increased their assets, however, the aggregate volume of RBO declined by 5% during the year. Of the dozens of leaders, half left half. As a result of February, the aggregate volume of assets of the banking sector of the Republic of Kazakhstan decreased by 0.8% in a month, by 5.1% over the year and amounted to 23.6 trillion tenge by spring. In the same period last year, the assets of STB RK showed an annual growth of 4.9%, to 24.9 trillion tenge. The volume of the loan portfolio also decreased - by 0.01% per month and immediately by 12.7% per year, to 13.2 trillion tenge in February 2018. A year earlier, the reduction was observed - by 3.1%, to 15.1 trillion tenge. The share of loans in the volume of assets for the year decreased from 60.9% to 56%. The decline occurs for the fourth consecutive year. First Heartland Bank leads: annual growth - 7.8 times, to 142.9 billion tenge. The share from STB RK increased from 0.1% to 0.6%. The active growth of FHB's positions began after the change of the bank's owners in late November last year. Next comes China's TPB - an increase of 3.4 times, to 166.1 billion tenge. The share from the second-tier banks of the Republic of Kazakhstan increased from 0.2% to 0.7%. Closes the top three leaders of Tengri Bank - an annual growth of 91.9%, to 125 billion tenge. The share from STB RK increased from 0.3% to 0.5%.

Among the top ten banks by assets - by the annual growth of the leaders of the PRSP (by 21.3% per year, to 793.3 billion tenge) and Kaspi (by 19.6% per year, up to 1.4 trillion tg).

Table 1 - Akimov of the second-tier banks for February 2018ye.

	Total growth		Total		Share of RK	
	2017/02	2017/02	2018/02	2017/02	2018/02	2017/02
Kazakhstan	94,9%	-1260,3	23607,2	24 867,5	100,0%	100,0%
FHB	775,2%	124,5	142,9	18,4	0,6%	0,1%
China's TPB	340,3%	117,3	166,1	48,8	0,7%	0,2%
Tengri Bank	191,9%	59,9	125,0	65,1	0,5%	0,3%
Shinhan Bank	165,7%	12,8	32,3	19,5	0,1%	0,1%
Home Credit	159,9%	87,8	234,4	146,6	1,0%	0,6%
Bank of China	126,3%	46,9	225,1	178,2	1,0%	0,7%
Kassf Nova	121,6%	20,9	117,6	96,7	0,5%	0,4%
PRSP	121,3%	139,2	793,4	654,2	3,4%	2,6%

Tengri Bank is leading with an increase of 84%, to 90.5 billion tenge. The share from the RK has increased from 0.3% to 0.7%.

Next comes China's TPB with an increase of 70.3%, to 51.3 billion tenge. The share from the Republic of Kazakhstan increased from 0.2% to 0.4%.

The Islamic Bank Al Hilal is closing the top three by 65.1%, to 6.8 billion tenge. The share from the RK for the year increased to 0.1%. Thus, it can be concluded that the competitiveness of an individual bank is directly influenced by both external and internal factors. In this regard, commercial banks should take into account and take into account different ways and channels of influence on their competitiveness in their activities.

In March, the assets of the country's STB grew by KZT161.4 bn against a decrease of KZT179.0 bn in February. The growth in assets in March was mainly due to the increase in the loan portfolio (+84.9 billion tenge) and liabilities (+72.0 billion tenge). The total decrease in assets since the beginning of the year amounted to KZT389.3 bn (-1.6%) to KZT23.8 trln taking place against the backdrop of negative revaluation of the loan portfolio (-284.2 bn Tenge) and reduction of liabilities (-437.1 bn Tenge), including the deposit base (-236.7 billion tenge). At the same time, without taking into account Halyk Bank and KKB, the aggregate assets of STB since the beginning of the year increased by KZT123.3 bn. Or 0.8%. In March, the tenge rate strengthened by 2.0 tenge (0.6%) to 318.31 tenge per dollar (strengthening since the beginning of the year by 4.2%), which had no significant effect on the currency component of assets and liabilities at the end of the month.

The level of dollarization of both deposits and loans continued downward dynamics. According to the NBRK, the level of dollarization of deposits at the beginning of April decreased to 44.0% (previously 45.2%), while the share of loans in foreign currency amounted to 25.1% (25.5%). The largest increase in total assets in the first quarter of 2018 falls to Citibank Kazakhstan, whose assets increased by KZT94.0 bn (+ 17.8%) to KZT620.9 bn. The increase in the bank's assets was due to the attraction of funding for corporate deposits (+111.0 billion tenge), while the loan portfolio grew by only KZT1.8 billion (+ 2.1%) to KZT89.7 billion. Against this background, the bank rose to 11th place in terms of assets among the country's second-tier banks, pushing Bank RBK. Leader to reduce the total value of assets since the beginning of the year was Halyk Bank, whose assets decreased by 340.5 billion tenge (-6.8%) to 4.7 trillion tenge. The decrease in assets occurs against a background of a significant reduction in the bank's liabilities (-377.9 billion tenge or 8.9%).

The need for state regulation of banking competition is caused by the special situation of credit institutions in the economy, which allows to significantly influence the results of its functioning, as well as the strong dependence of banks' activity on psychological factors, on the confidence of clients. The loss of the latter to individual credit institutions that are not able to fulfill their obligations to customers can spread to the system as a whole. The loss of consumer confidence in the stability of the work of credit institutions can inflict enormous damage on the economy, which is clearly seen in our country. In addition, the limited price competition in banking is determined by the fact that there is a limit of interest below which the bank will no longer make a profit. Therefore, many banks are trying not to compete in the field of prices for banking services. The competition is assuming a non-price character.

The state has the main role in the formation and provision of effective competition, it through legal regulation creates the necessary conditions [9]. Such a statement, at first glance, seems to be wrong, since state regulation and the development of competition are often viewed as mutually exclusive phenomena. An in-depth analysis of the paradox that arises between the tasks of state regulation of the economy and the objectives of competition is resolved if the state places a priority on not combating the positive aspects of competition but opposing its unfair forms.

In 2018 and in subsequent years, banks will have to solve various tasks related to the regulation, obsolescence of systems, the development of breakthrough technologies and business models, increased competition and demands from customers, while ensuring the implementation of new sustainable development strategies.

Globally, the year 2018 can be crucial for banks to accelerate their transformation into more strategically oriented and technologically advanced financial institutions with a flexible operating structure to maintain leadership in the rapidly changing business environment.

Such a transformation is not an easy task. Many banks face a number of difficulties: complex and contradictory requirements of regulators, obsolescence of computer systems, development of breakthrough technologies and relevant business models, increased competition and, finally, increasing demands and expectations from clients.

To this end, we identified six of the most important macroeconomic factors affecting the rate of long-term growth in the banking sector:

- 1) customer-oriented;
- 2) revision of the regulatory framework;
- 3) technology management;
- 4) lowering the level of cyber-risks;

- 5) Fintech projects and large IT companies;
- 6) rethinking of labor resources.

Ultimately, banks need to solve not only operational tasks, but also carry out business transformation necessary to ensure sustainable growth of their organizations. Banks have no choice but to find the best balance between long-term goals and urgent needs. And those who can achieve this balance will have significant advantages.

In order to reorganize the banking system, the National Bank of the Republic of Kazakhstan set limits for second-tier banks on the amount of liabilities associated with the implementation of banking operations. If today the amount of own capital is 10 billion tenge, then by January 1, 2019, it will increase 10-fold, up to KZT100 billion, such a proposal will be made for the development of the financial sector. It should be noted that the equity capital of most banks of the Republic of Kazakhstan does not reach 10 billion tenge.

CONCLUSION

According to analysts of the banking sector, by 2020, 15-20 large second-tier banks will remain in Kazakhstan. Small banks will be forced to unite, or require more serious injections. At present, there are 38 second-tier banks in Kazakhstan. Four of them are Russian subsidiary banks, and the aggregate share of assets in the whole sector of the country occupies more than 10%. The goal for second-tier banks, ultimately, is one - to increase their competitive advantages.

Banks can find serious additional income in the retail market, strengthening personal work with the client, but not everyone has the expertise and the desire of shareholders to invest in new technologies, when there is already a limited amount of money.

A prerequisite for improving competition between commercial banks is the creation of an effective market mechanism for the development of the banking sector of the Russian economy, since competition in the banking sector is much more complex than in any other segment of the economy. The competitive struggle between banks directly depends on the effectiveness of their activities and significantly affects the stability of the national economy [13].

Thus, after examining interbank competition, one can draw a conclusion about its importance, both for banks and for the financial situation of the country as a whole. Interbank competition is the basis for the effective operation of the financial sector of the state. The stable position of the banking sector can be achieved in the presence of certain regulatory frameworks, but at the same time the existence of a "healthy" competitive environment for banks. Only in this case, you can achieve a positive effect.

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Н. Хамитхан

АО «Финансовая академия»

МЕЖБАНКОВСКАЯ КОНКУРЕНЦИЯ В УСЛОВИЯХ ПОВЫШЕНИЯ КАЧЕСТВА БАНКОВСКИХ УСЛУГ В КАЗАХСТАНЕ

Аннотация. Статья посвящена исследованию особенностей межбанковской конкуренции и ее роли в развитии банковских услуг. Проведен критический анализ проблем банковской системы, предложены

методы усиления конкурентных преимуществ коммерческих банков. Межбанковская конкуренция, как совокупность экономических отношений коммерческих банков и финансовых институтов, регулируемые государственными органами и рыночными механизмами, создана с целью создания благоприятных условий для развития банковской системы, увеличения прибыли и качества оказываемых услуг в РК, в целом. Важным аспектом совершенствования конкурентной борьбы между коммерческими банками является создание эффективного рыночного механизма развития банковского сектора экономики Казахстана. Конкурентная борьба сложный процесс, и напрямую зависит от эффективности их деятельности и существенным образом влияет на стабильность национального хозяйства

Ключевые слова: коммерческие банки, конкуренция, конкурентоспособность, банковские продукты, развитие, финансовый рынок.

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Н. Хамитхан

«Қаржы академиясы» АҚ

ҚАЗАҚСТАНДАҒЫ БАНКТІК ҚЫЗМЕТТЕРДІҢ САПАСЫН ЖАҚСАРТУ ЖАҒДАЙЫНДА БАНКАРАЛЫҚ БАСЕКЕЛЕСТИК

Аннотация. Мақала банкаралық бәсекелестіктің ерекшеліктерін және оның банктік қызметтерді дамытудағы рөлін зерттеуге арналған. Банк жүйесінің проблемаларын сынни талдау жүргізілді, коммерциялық банктердің бәсекелестік артықшылықтарын күшешту әдістері ұсынылды. Банкаралық бәсекелестік, банк жүйесінің дамуы, тұгастай алғанда Қазақстан Республикасында көрсетілетін қызметтердің сапасы мен пайдастын арттыру үшін қолайлар жағдайлар жасау максатында коммерциялық банктер мен қаржы институттары мен мемлекеттік органдармен реттелетін қаржы институттары арасындағы экономикалық байланыстарды үйлестіру ретінде құрылған. Коммерциялық банктер арасындағы бәсекелестікті жақсартудың маңызды аспектісі Қазақстан экономикасының банк секторын дамытудың тиімді нарықтық механизмін құру болып табылады. Бәсекеге қабілетті күрес - күрделі процесс және олардың қызметінің тиімділігіне тікелей байланысты және ұлттық экономиканың тұрақтылығына айтарлықтай әсер етеді.

Түйін сөздер: коммерциялық банктер, бәсекелестік, бәсекеге қабілеттілік, банк өнімдері, даму, қаржы нарығы.

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